

SPF activities in the field of Solar Cooling

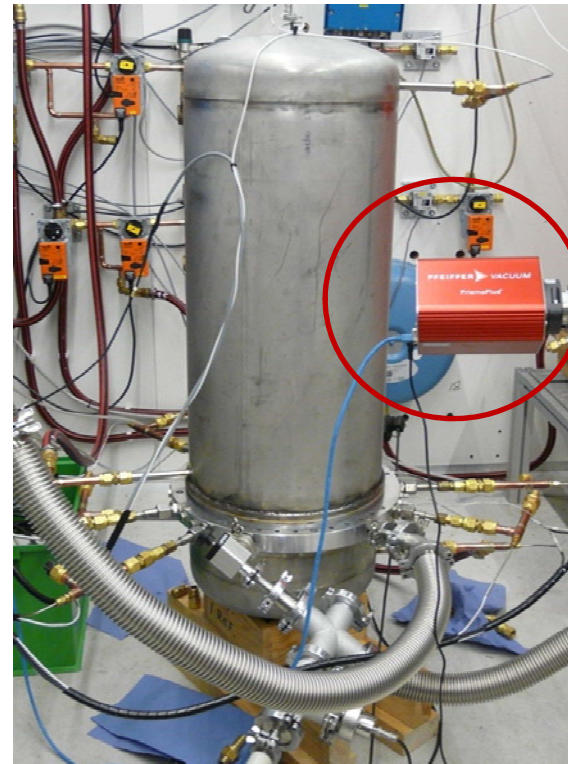
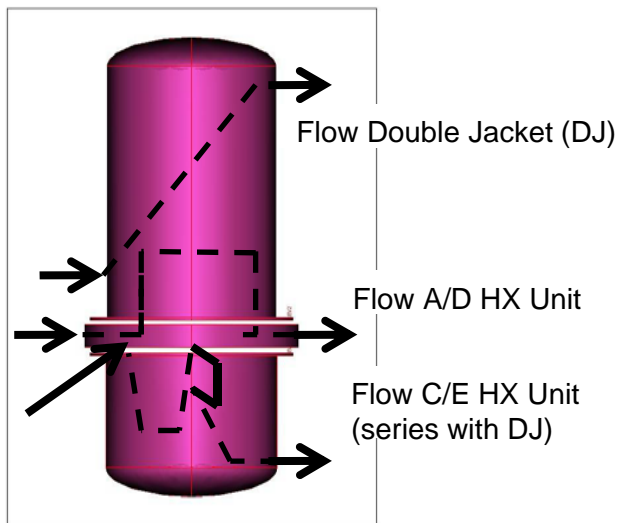
IEA SHC Task Definition Meeting
Paris, March 2013

Dr. Elimar Frank, Dr. Paul Gantenbein
Research Director SPF - Institut für Solartechnik
Hochschule für Technik Rapperswil (HSR)

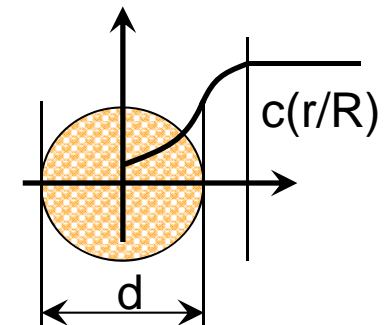
- 
- SPF Institute for Solar Technology
 - University of Applied Sciences Rapperswil
 - approx. 40 scientists and engineers
 - 30% in Department Testing
 - 70% in Department Research

Sorption Storage Project

- Design and construction of sorption heat and mass exchanger, design
- Use of vacuum technology (vessel, data and fluid feed through)

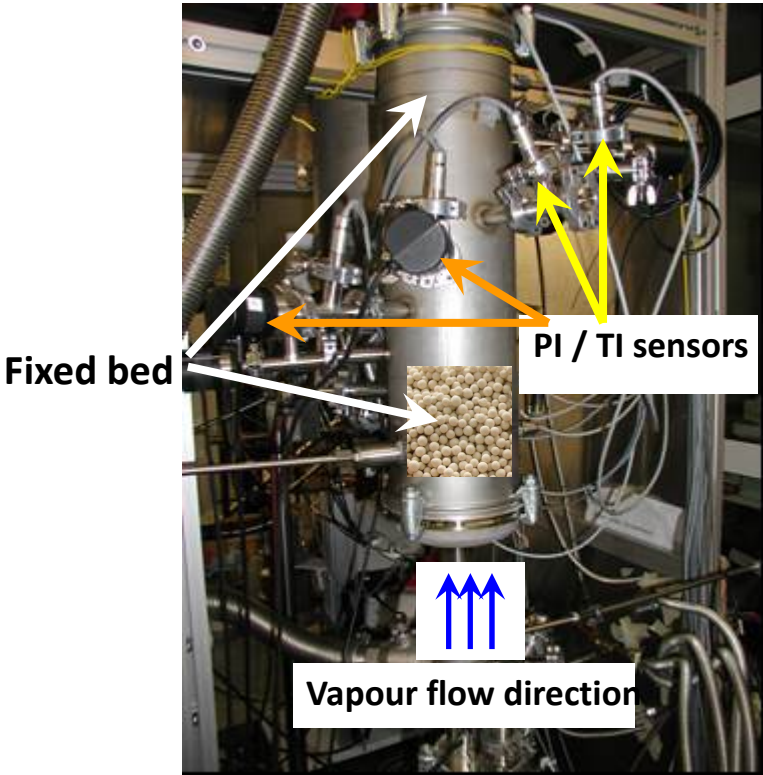


Mass spectroscopy
up to 200amu

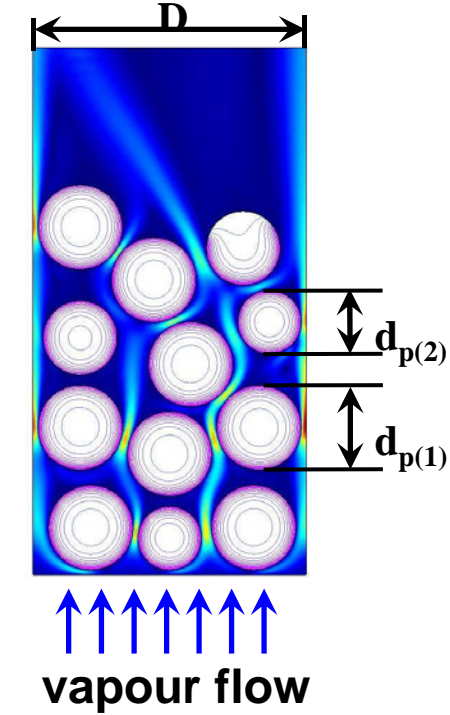


Sorbent concentration
in a particle (Particle model)

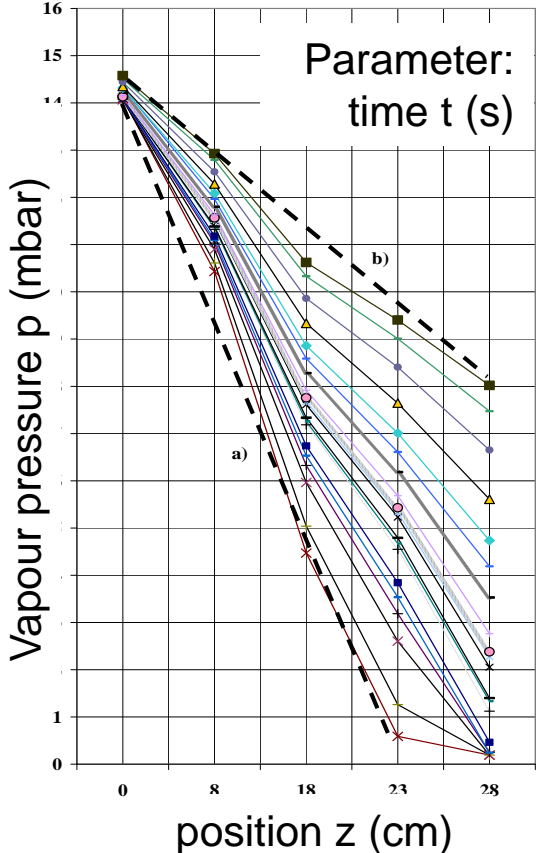
Sorption Storage Project



Fixed sorption bed - zeolite.



Velocity and concentration profile.
(Fixed bed model)



Vapour pressure loss $\Delta p(t, z)$
→ Power loss.

Absorption Cooling – System Characterization

LiBr-H₂O machine at SPF-HSR



Absorption Cooling Machine
PHÖNIX SonnenKlima GmbH



Solar collector field (T_{solar})



Cooling tower (T_{AC})

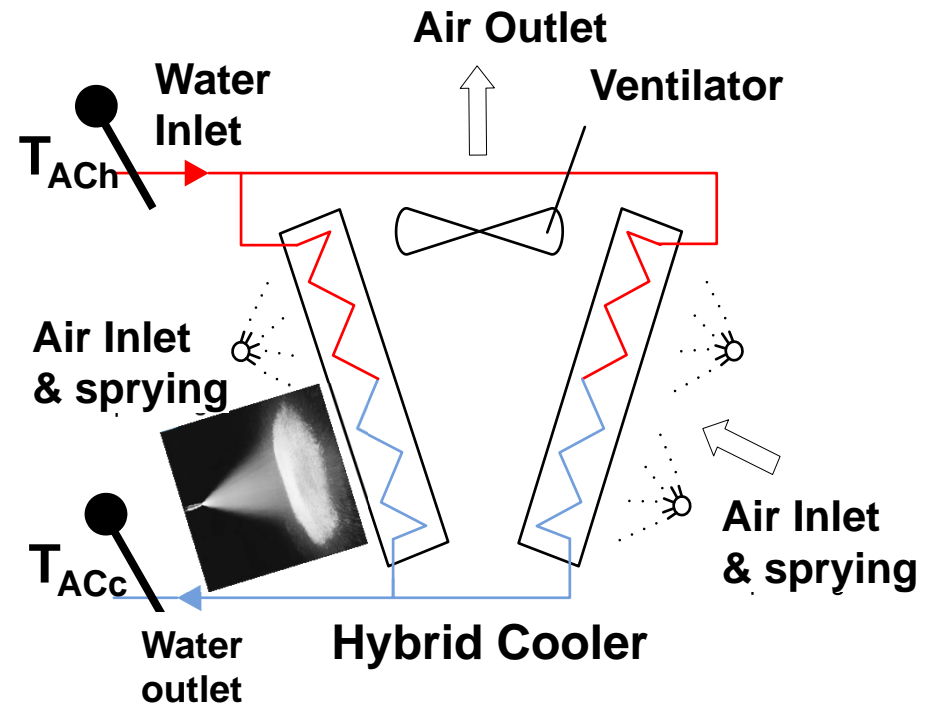
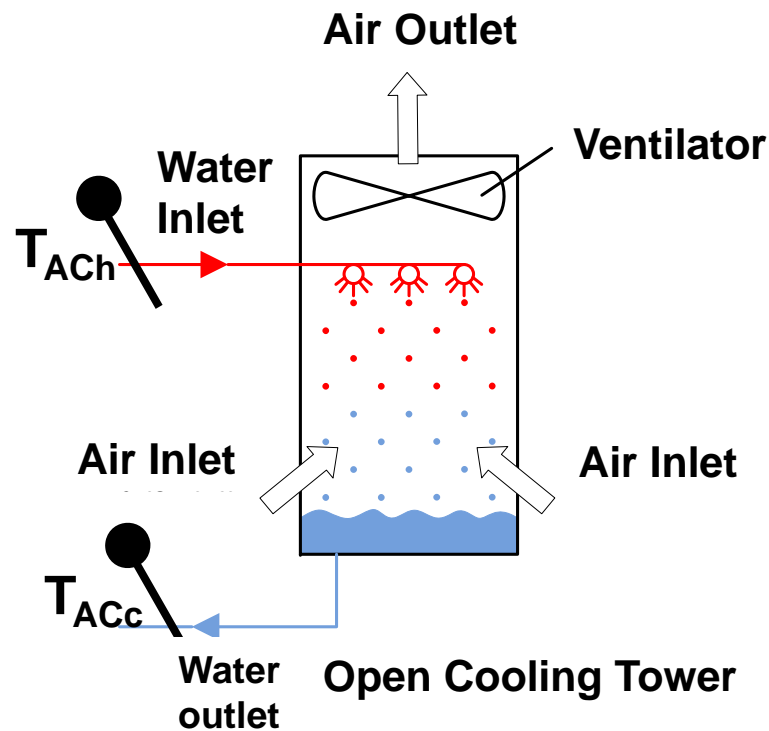


Cold seiling (T_E)

Component Characterization and Development

Heat rejection: Reduction of auxiliary energy and water use

Open Cooling Tower versus Hybrid Cooler



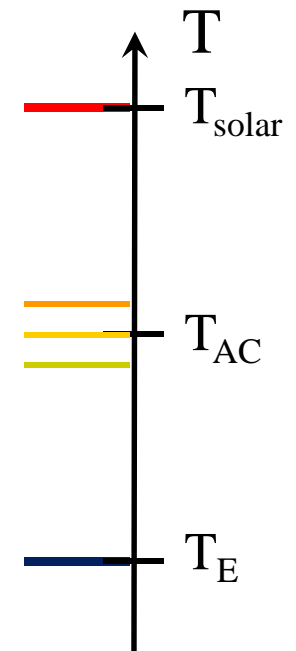
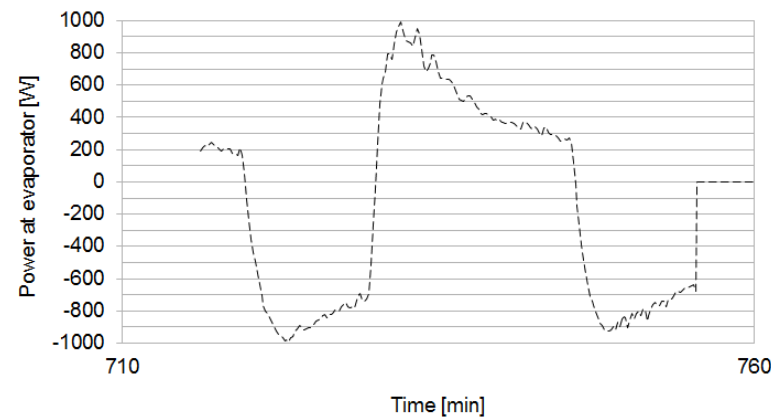
Component Characterization and Development

**Thermal characterisation of sorption heat and mass exchangers:
Test rig for components of 1 kW cooling power.
Sorption kinetics $m(t)$ in the gram range (sorption material)**



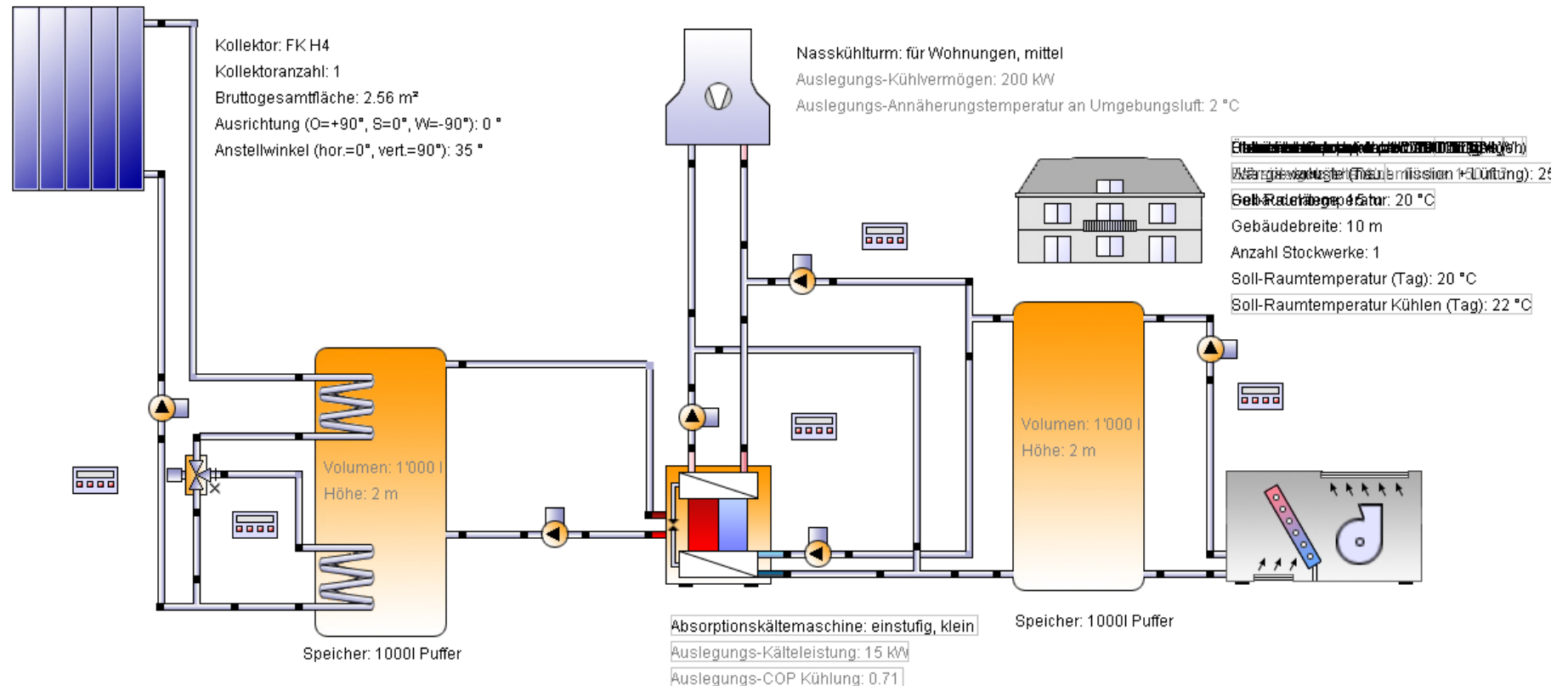
Coated heat and mass exchanger.

$T_{\text{solar}}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{AC}}=30^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{E}}=20^{\circ}\text{C}$



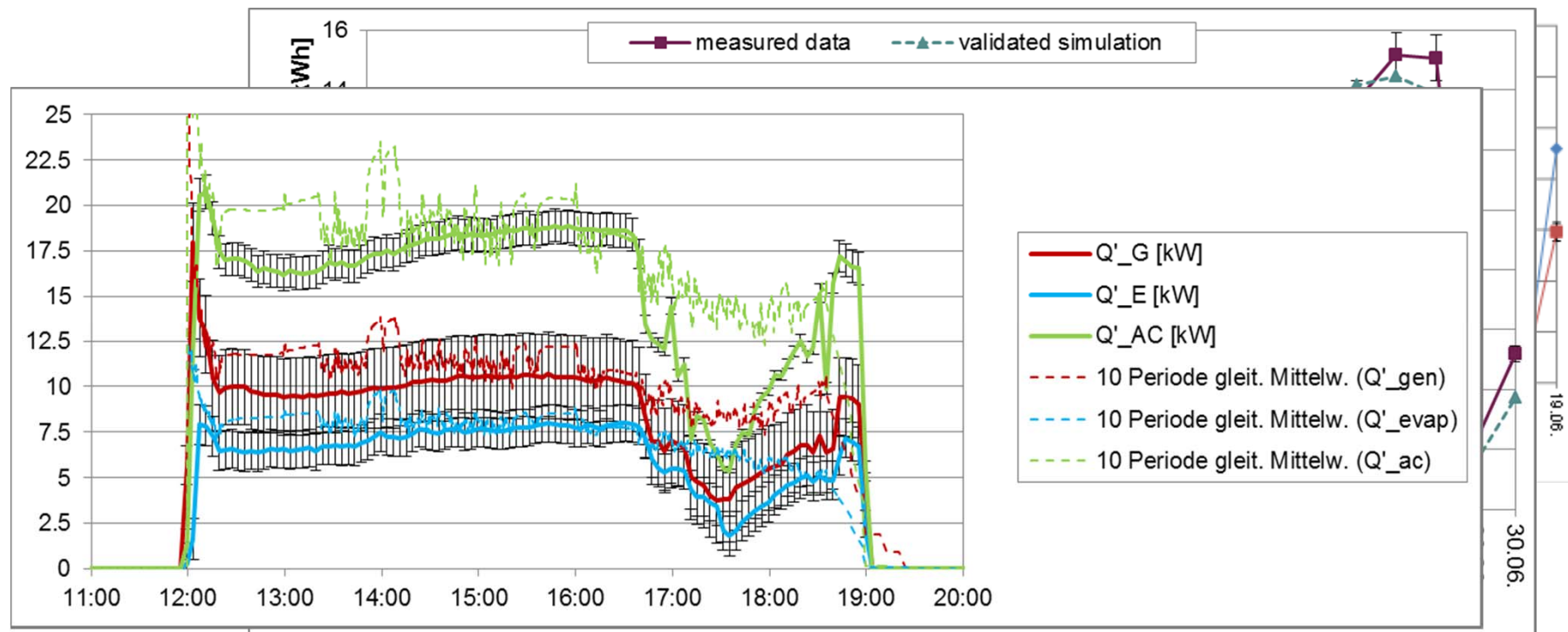
Simulation of solar thermal cooling system

Simulation of systems, solar thermal energy plant combined with hot water and cold water storage as well as free cooling and cold storage



Simulation of Solar thermal cooling system

- Validation with measurement data from an adsorption system (with additional free cooling) and an adsorption system
- Optimization of control conditions / strategies.



Sustainability & Assessment – Solar Thermal & PV

CO₂ Emissions of different systems and locations

Locations. Lugano, Athens & Dubai

Buildings: SFH, Office Building, Factory Building

Lugano	AKM	KKM + PV	nur KKM
EFH	3.5	5.4	19.8
Bürobau	46.9	100.6	369.6
Fabrikbau	147.5	316.6	1'163.4
Athen	AKM	KKM + PV	nur KKM
EFH	11.8	18.2	67.0
Bürobau	81.1	174.1	639.7
Fabrikbau	175.3	376.2	1'382.3
Dubai	AKM	KKM + PV	nur KKM
EFH	18.3	28.2	103.5
Bürobau	106.4	228.4	839.1
Fabrikbau	458.7	984.5	3'617.2

Tabelle 4: CO₂ Emission der Systeme an den jeweiligen Standorten in t/Laufzeit

Sustainability & Assessment – Solar Thermal & PV

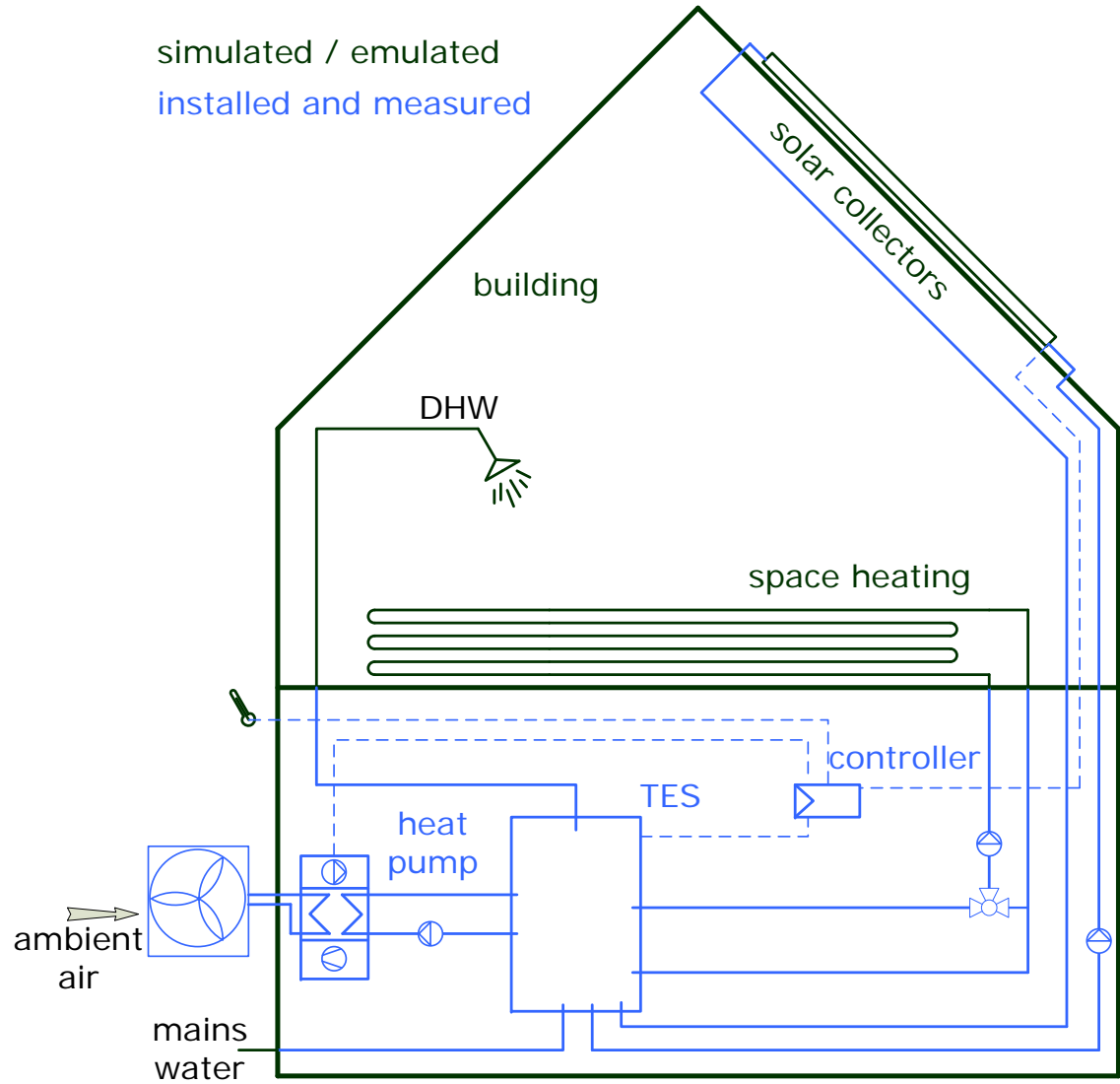
Assessment Criteria

- A Functionality
- B Investment
- C Operation costs
- D Heating costs
- E Total costs for 20 years
- F CO₂ emission

<u>Lugano</u>		Kühlsysteme																							
Gebäude	Solarthermie / AKM							PV Anlage / KKM							Strom-Mix / KKM										
	A	B	C	D	E	F	total	A	B	C	D	E	F	total	A	B	C	D	E	F	total				
EFH	1	0	1	1	0	2	5	2	1	2	1	1	1	8	2	2	0	1	2	0	7				
Bürogebäude	2	0	1	2	0	2	7	2	1	2	0	1	1	7	2	2	0	1	2	0	7				
Produktions-/Industriebau	2	1	1	2	2	2	10	2	0	2	0	0	1	5	2	2	0	1	1	0	6				
<u>Athen</u>		Kühlsysteme																							
Gebäude	Solarthermie / AKM							PV Anlage / KKM							Strom-Mix / KKM										
	A	B	C	D	E	F	total	A	B	C	D	E	F	total	A	B	C	D	E	F	total				
EFH	1	0	1	2	0	2	6	2	1	2	0	2	1	8	2	2	0	1	2	0	7				
Bürogebäude	2	1	1	2	2	2	10	2	1	2	0	2	1	8	2	2	0	1	0	0	5				
Produktions-/Industriebau	2	1	1	2	2	2	10	2	0	2	0	1	1	6	2	2	0	1	0	0	5				
<u>Dubai</u>		Kühlsysteme																							
Gebäude	Solarthermie / AKM							PV Anlage / KKM							Strom-Mix / KKM										
	A	B	C	D	E	F	total	A	B	C	D	E	F	total	A	B	C	D	E	F	total				
EFH	1	0	1	-	0	2	4	2	1	1	-	1	1	6	2	2	1	-	2	0	7				
Bürogebäude	2	1	1	-	2	2	8	2	1	2	-	2	1	8	2	2	0	-	0	0	4				
Produktions-/Industriebau	2	1	2	-	2	2	9	2	0	2	-	0	1	5	2	2	0	-	1	0	5				

Tabelle 5: Beurteilung der Systeme an den verschiedenen Standorten. Für Dubai ist keine Heizbedarf vorhanden, daher ist in der Spalte D kein Eintrag.

Whole System Test (Concise Cycle Test)

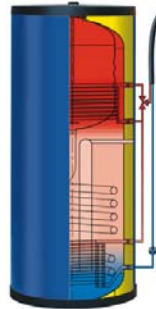


Whole System Test (Concise Cycle Test)

Good components do not yet make a good system



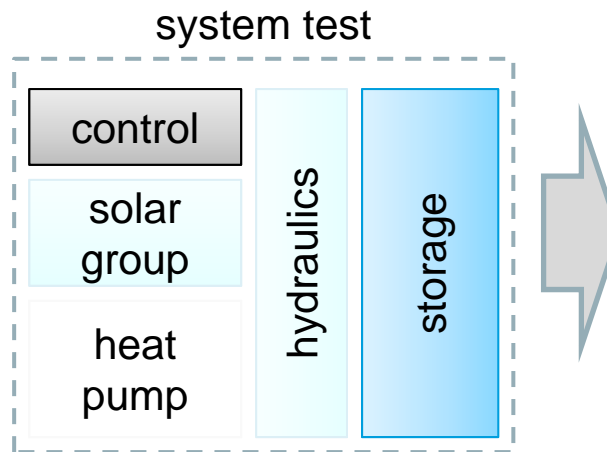
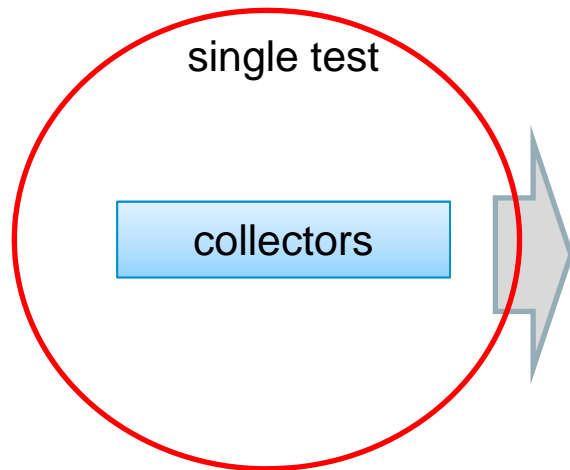
heat pump



storage



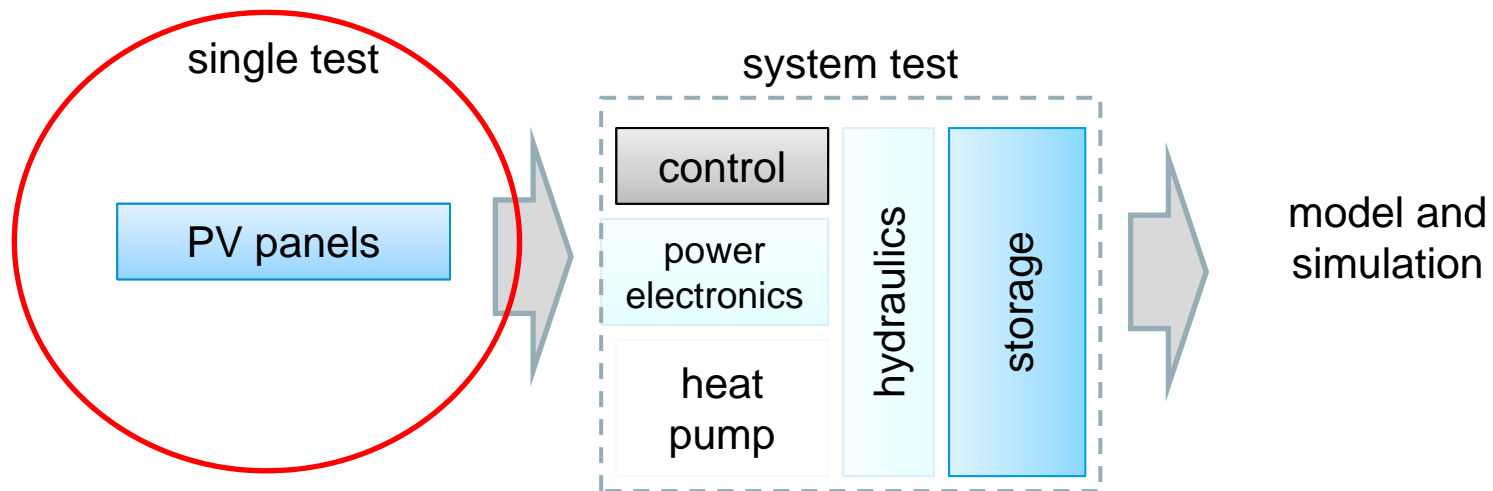
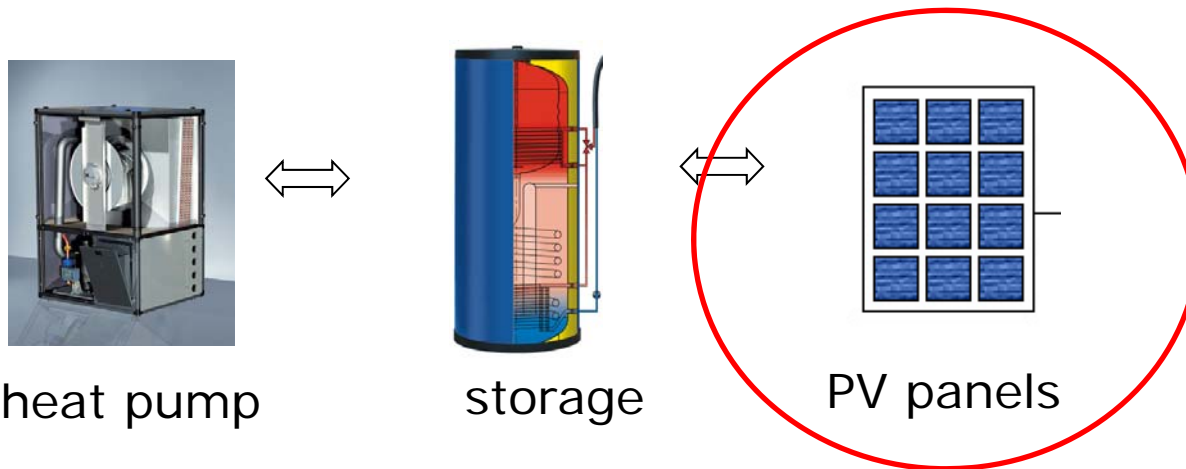
collectors



model and simulation

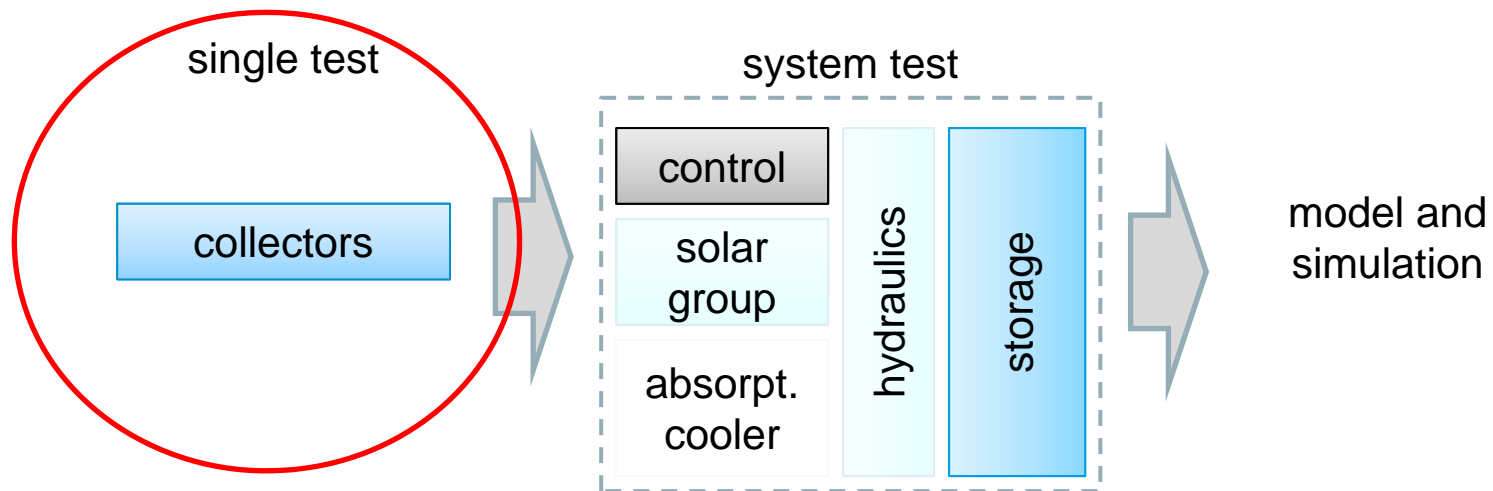
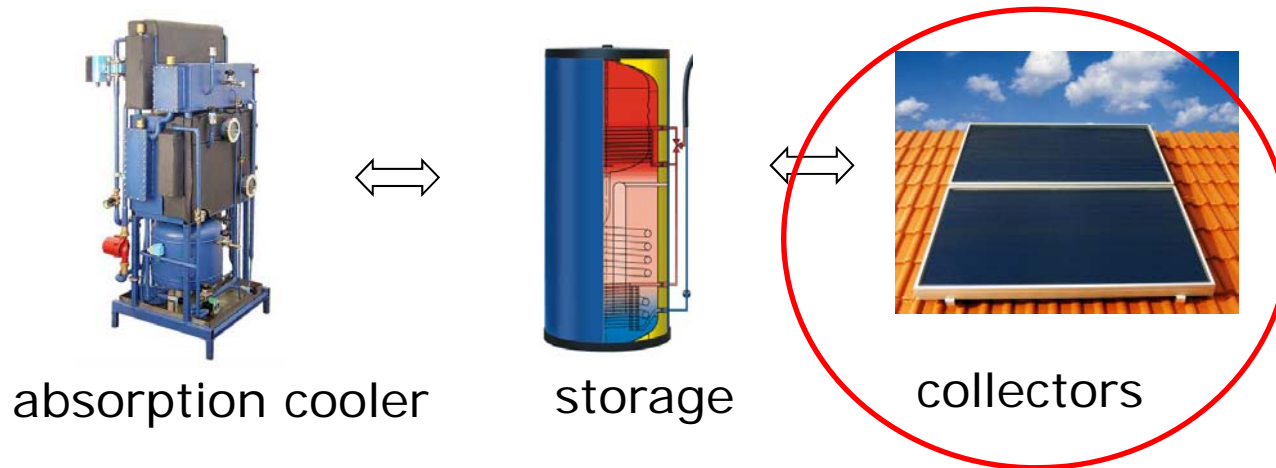
Whole System Test (Concise Cycle Test)

Good components do not yet make a good system

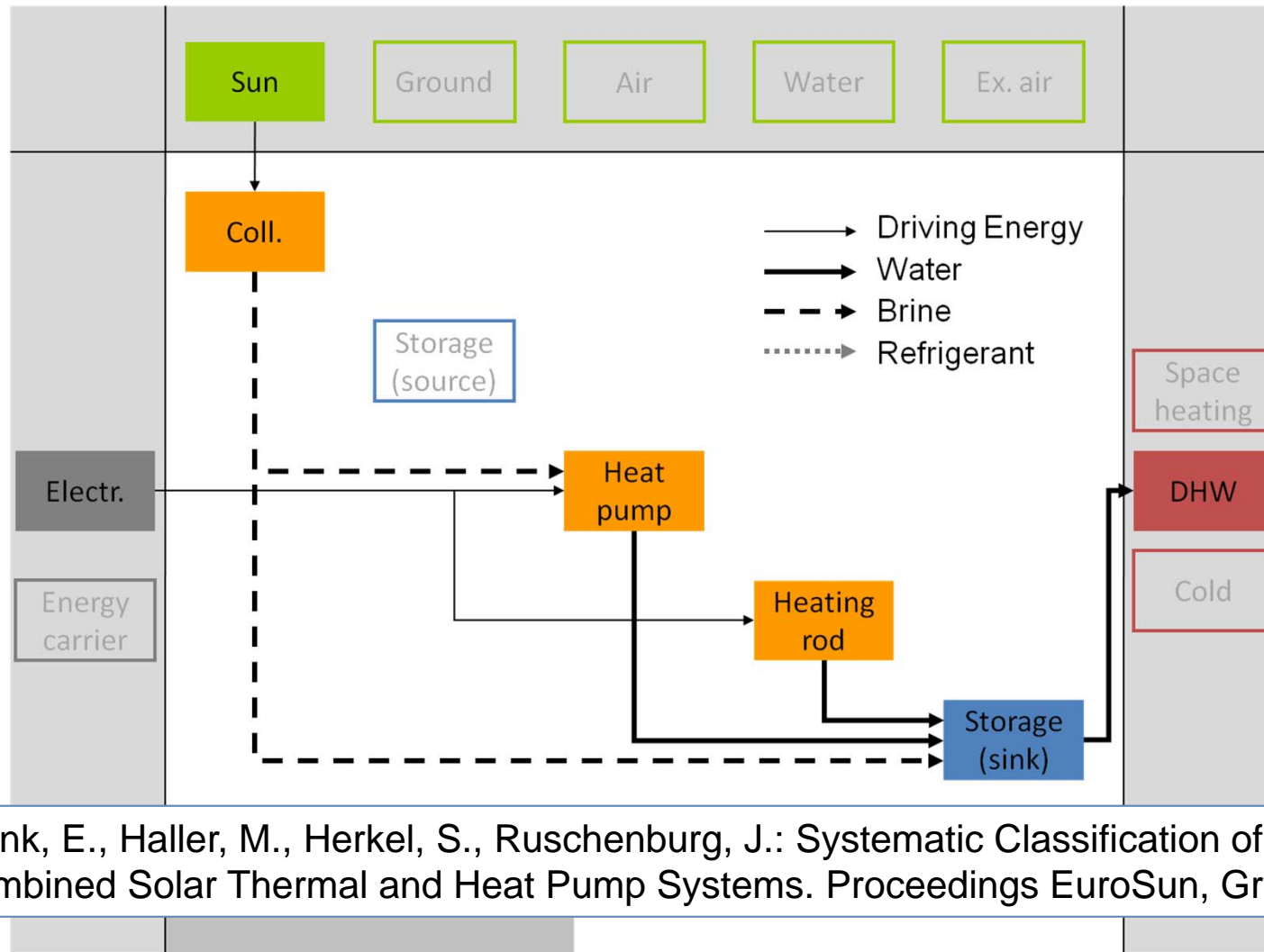


Whole System Test (Concise Cycle Test)

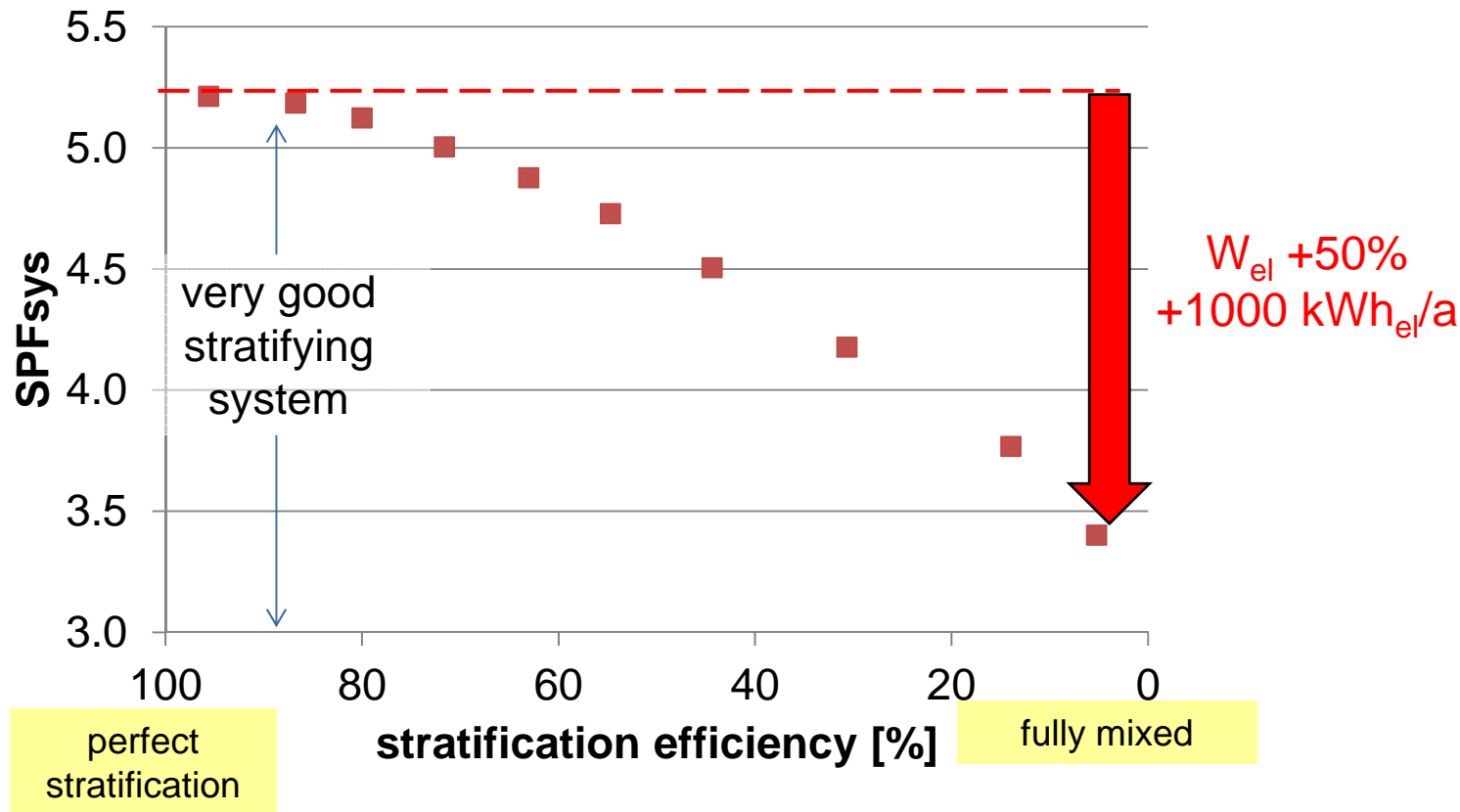
Good components do not yet make a good system



IEA SHC Task 44 System Classification



IEA SHC Task 44 Simulations on Solar Thermal Heat Pump Systems



Details: TRNSYS-Simulationen mit T44A38 Referenzsystem. Klima Strasbourg, Last SFH45, 15 m² Kollektorfeld, **Sole-Wasser Wärmepumpe**, 900 liter Speicher. Schichtungseffizienz nach Haller et al. (2010) und Logie et al. (2010).

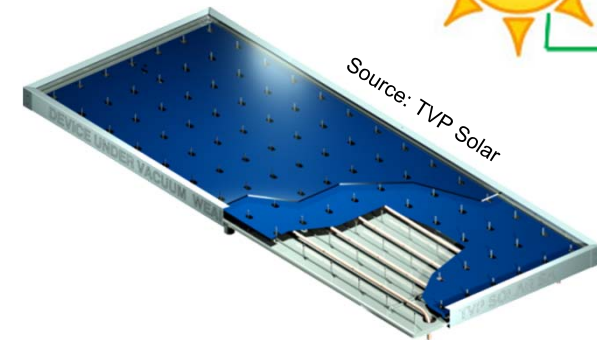
IEA SHC Task 49: Solar Process Heat

Subtask A: Process Heat Collectors

Lead country: Switzerland (Elimar Frank – SPF)

Objectives:

- Improving solar process heat collectors and collector loop components
- Providing a basis for the comparison of collectors with respect to technical and economical conditions
- Recommendations for further improvement of standardized testing procedures

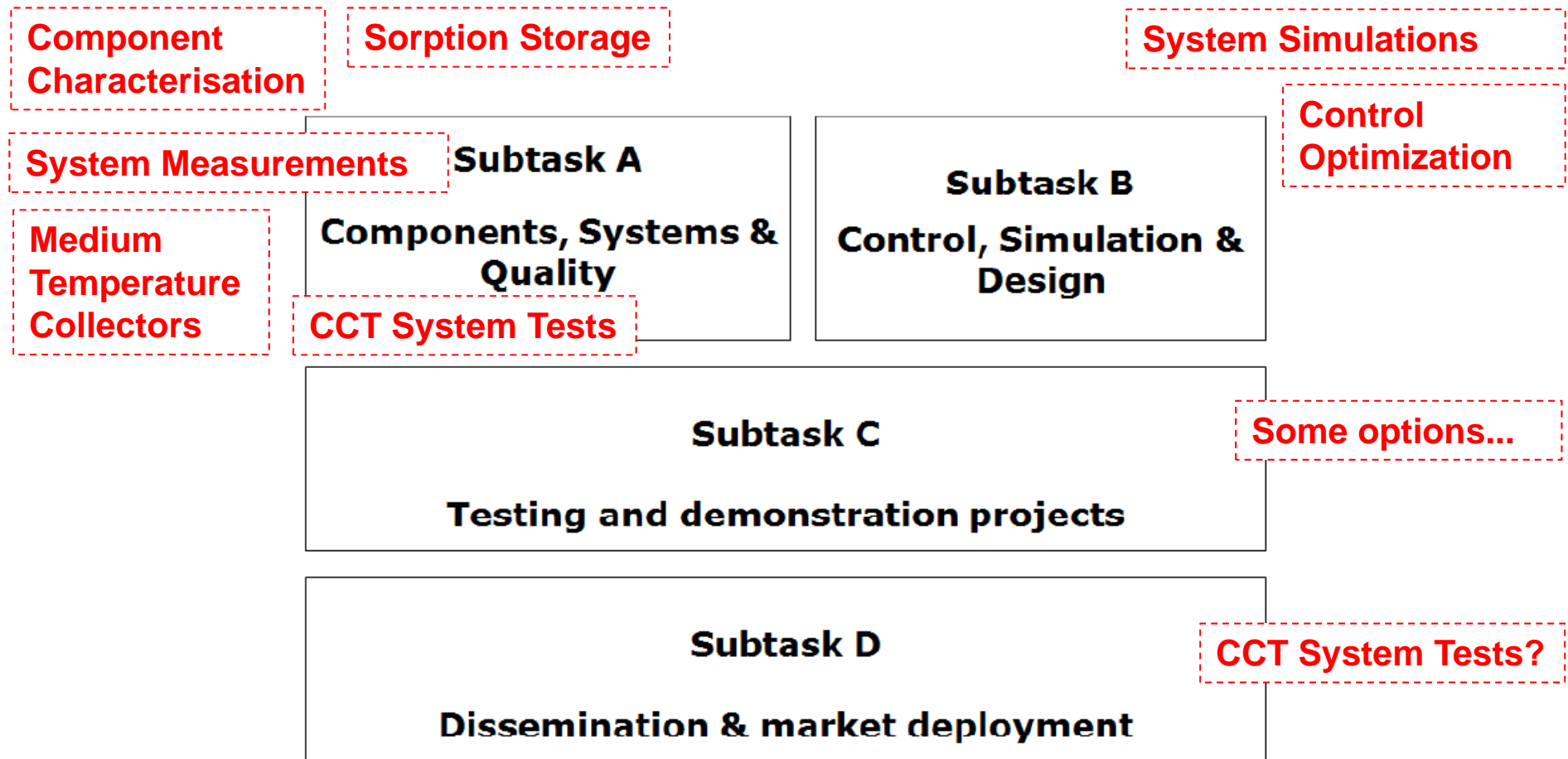


IEA SHC Task 49: Solar Process Heat

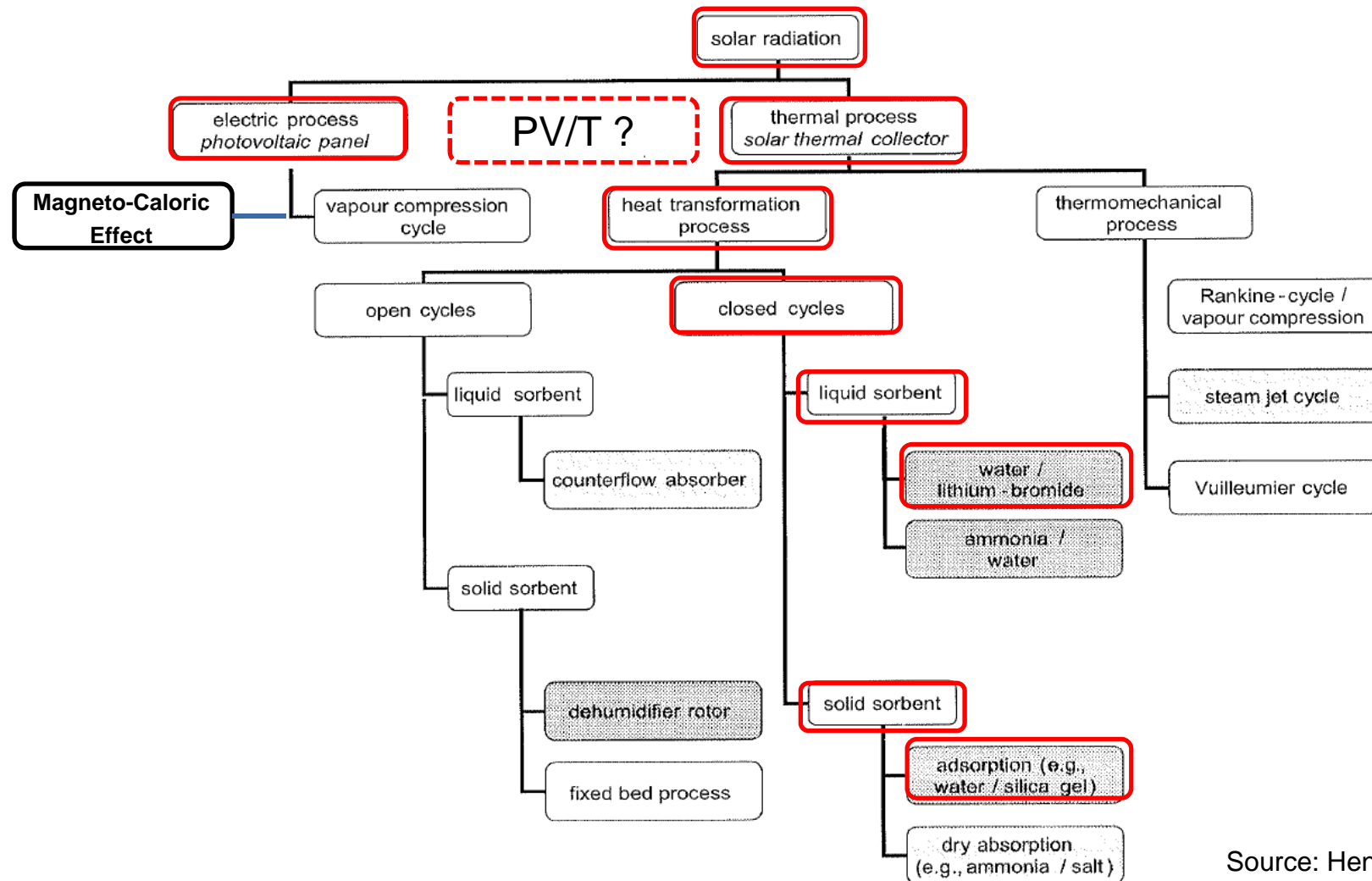
HoTT: SPF Test Rig for Collector Measurements up to 200 °C



SPF activities related to Subtasks



SPF activities (summary and outlook)



Source: Henning et al. (extended)

Thank you!

